

Poorest States in Nigeria Checklist

1. Sokoto

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 91%
- Key Issues:
 - Poor infrastructure
 - Limited access to education
 - Insufficient healthcare
 - o High unemployment
- Notable Initiatives:
 - Social safety net programs
 - Agricultural development projects
 - NGO interventions

2. Bayelsa

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 88.5%
- Key Issues:
 - Oil exploration disrupting agriculture and fishing
 - High unemployment
 - Poor clean water and sanitation
- Notable Initiatives:
 - Skill development programs
 - Efforts to improve access to the oil sector

3. Jigawa

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 84.3%
- Key Issues:
 - Poor healthcare and education
 - Inefficient farming techniques
 - Low literacy rates in rural areas
- Notable Initiatives:
 - Improved agricultural techniques and infrastructure

4. Gombe

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 86.2%
- Key Issues:
 - Harsh geographical conditions (dry and hot land)
 - Poor transportation infrastructure
 - Limited economic opportunities
- Notable Initiatives:
 - Efforts to improve agricultural practices

5. Plateau

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 84%
- Key Issues:
 - High violence and insecurity
 - Inadequate infrastructure
 - Agricultural challenges due to lack of rain
- Notable Initiatives:
 - o Initiatives to improve safety and infrastructure

6. Kebbi

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 83.5%
- Key Issues:
 - Seasonal flooding disrupting agriculture
 - Underutilized irrigation systems
 - Extreme temperatures affecting farming
- Notable Initiatives:

Flood management and irrigation development

7. Zamfara

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 82%
- Key Issues:
 - Severe insecurity (cattle rustling, banditry)
 - o Disrupted economic activities and agriculture
 - Reluctance of businesses to invest
- Notable Initiatives:
 - Security enhancement efforts

8. Ebonyi

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 81%
- Key Issues:
 - Poor infrastructure (roads, electricity)
 - Inefficient transportation of agricultural products
 - Limited irrigation systems
- Notable Initiatives:
 - Infrastructure development projects

9. Adamawa

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): 80%
- Key Issues:
 - Overreliance on agriculture
 - o Limited job opportunities outside agriculture
 - Economic instability
- Notable Initiatives:
 - Economic diversification efforts

10. Katsina

- Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI): Not specified, but among the poorest
- Key Issues:
 - Limited access to education and skill development

- High poverty despite hardworking residents
- Notable Initiatives:
 - Investment in education and vocational training programs

Summary Notes

- Common Challenges: Poor infrastructure, limited healthcare and education, high unemployment, and environmental factors.
- Common Initiatives: Focus on improving infrastructure, healthcare, education, and agricultural practices, as well as addressing security issues.
- Regional Variations: Different states face unique challenges such as flooding, insecurity, and geographical constraints.

This checklist can serve as a quick reference to understand the key issues and initiatives related to the poorest states in Nigeria.

